

## **Company Update**

November 8, 2022

## Today's Participants



Norbert Bischofberger, Ph.D.

President and Chief Executive Officer



**Jorge DiMartino, M.D., Ph.D.** Chief Medical Officer and Executive Vice President, Clinical Development



Yasir Al-Wakeel, BM BCh Chief Financial Officer and Head of Corp. Development



Marni Kottle Senior Vice President, Corp. Comms and Investors Relations



### **Forward Looking Statements**

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## Advancing Clinical-Stage Programs Across Multiple Oncogenic TRNs

TRN	Candidate & Indication	Discovery	IND-enabling	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
HOX/ MEIS	Lanraplenib Relapsed/refractory (SYK Inhibitor) FLT3-mutated AML					
ų	KB-0742MYC-amplified solid tumors and other transcriptionally addicted tumors					
É	Target #1 (PPI Modulator)					
AR	Target #2 (Cofactor Modulator)					

Additional programs from mapping and screening the MYC, AR, MYB, IRF4 and other TRNs



## **Potential Value Catalysts**

Program	2022	2023	2024
Clinical Programs			
<b>Lanraplenib</b> <i>SYK Inhibitor</i> R/R FLT3-mutated AML in combination with gilteritinib		RP2D and	Initial Data
<b>KB-0742</b> <i>CDK9 Inhibitor</i> MYC-amplified and transcriptionally addicted tumors	PK/ PD and safety data; RP2D	Initial Phase 2 Efficacy Data from Expansion Cohorts	

AML: acute myeloid leukemia. CDK9: cyclin dependent kinase 9. FLT3: Fms-like tyrosine kinase 3. R/R: relapsed/refractory. SYK: Spleen tyrosine kinase. RP2D: recommended Phase 2 dose.

Discovery: Additional programs associated with MYC, AR, MYB, IRF4 and other TRNs



#### Lanraplenib Profile is Well-Suited as Part of a Chronically Administered Regimen

- Lanraplenib has been tested in more than 250 clinical trial participants and demonstrated pharmacokinetic (PK), pharmacodynamic (PD) properties consistent with once daily dosing, no food restrictions and PPI compatibility
- Lanraplenib's single agent safety profile in these studies has not demonstrated any clinically significant toxicities
- These properties support patient compliance in regimens that are dosed to progression





## Lanraplenib: Addressing Distinct Unmet Needs in Relapsed/Refractory AML

	Kronos Bio Phase 1b/2 Trial	Potential Future Combination Opportunities	
	LANRA + gilteritinib (FLT3)	LANRA + Menin (NPM1/MLLr)	LANRA+ IDH1/2i (IDH co-mutated with NPM1/FLT3/MLLr)
Addressable population (U.S.)	~5,000	~5,000	~1,200 - 1,500
Dose/schedule	Once Daily	Once Daily	Once Daily
Drug-drug Interactions	None	None	None
Duration of treatment	Progression	Progression	Progression

Lanraplenib could provide continuous disease suppression in combination with targeted agents, initially in relapsed/refractory AML



# Lanraplenib + Gilteritinib has Greater than Additive Anti-Leukemic Activity in Preclinical Study



Data presented at EHA, 2022. McKeown, Michael, et al. SYK Inhibition Drives Deep Responses in a Biomarker Guided Subset of AML Alone and in Rational Combinations (EHA poster presentation)



Culture cells ex vivo for 5 days with LANRA + gilteritinib and

assess viability

## Gilteritinib is Important Advance for FLT3-mt AML; Significant Need Remains

#### The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

#### Gilteritinib or Chemotherapy for Relapsed or Refractory *FLT3*-Mutated AML

A.E. Perl, G. Martinelli, J.E. Cortes, A. Neubauer, E. Berman, S. Paolini,
P. Montesinos, M.R. Baer, R.A. Larson, C. Ustun, F. Fabbiano, H.P. Erba,
A. Di Stasi, R. Stuart, R. Olin, M. Kasner, F. Ciceri, W.-C. Chou, N. Podoltsev,
C. Recher, H. Yokoyama, N. Hosono, S.-S. Yoon, J.-H. Lee, T. Pardee, A.T. Fathi,
C. Liu, N. Hasabou, X. Liu, E. Bahceci, and M.J. Levis

#### **ADMIRAL Trial (gilteritinib approval)**

- N = 371
- > 18 yo refractory to 1-2 cycles of 7+3 or relapsed after CR with 7+3 AND
- FLT3 ITD/TKD
- Enrolled at 107 sites/28 mo = 0.12 p/s/m

Endpoint	Chemo (N = 124)	Gilteritinib (N = 247)				
CR	10.5%	21.1%				
mOS*	5.6 mo	9.3 mo (HR 0.64)				
mEFS	0.7 mo	2.8 mo (HR 0.79)				
*Prior midostaurin (N = 37) OS HR = 0.70						

Perl et al, 2019. NEJM 381:381:1728-1740.

AML: Acute myeloid leukemia. CR: Complete response. FLT3: Fms like tyrosine kinase 3. HR: Hazard ratio. ITD: Internal tandem duplication. mEFS: Median event-free survival. mOS: Median overall survival. R/R: Relapsed/refractory. SYK: Spleen tyrosine kinase. TKD: Tyrosine kinase domain.



#### Phase 1b/2 Trial Lanraplenib + Gilteritinib in Relapsed/Refractory FLT3-Mutated AML

PHASE 1b/2



Inform Phase 3 trial design

#### Lanraplenib + gilteritinib clinical trial is ongoing

AML: Acute myeloid leukemia. cCR: Complete clinical response. DoR: Duration of response. FLT3: Fms like tyrosine kinase 3. LANRA: Lanraplenib. PK: pharmacokinetics. QD: Quaque die (once a day). RP2D: Recommended Phase 2 dose. R/R: Relapsed/refractory.



QD

### KB-0742: Internally Discovered CDK9 Inhibitor in Phase 1/2 Study

CDK9 is a global regulator of transcription and a critical node in multiple oncogenic TRNs; demonstrated dependence on CDK9 in MYC-amplified tumors

> KB-0742 originated from proprietary SMM screen

- Preliminary PK analysis indicates that KB-0742 exhibited a dose-proportional increase in plasma exposure and half-life of ~24 hours
- Phase 1/2 trial ongoing with RP2D and additional data expected in Q4 2022



First internally discovered candidate enables differentiated CDK9 clinical approach



# CDK9 is a Global Transcription Elongation Factor and Essential Co-Factor for the MYC TRN

#### CDK9 is required for MYC expression and MYC function



CDK9: Cyclin-dependent kinase 9. TF: Transcription factor. TRN: Transcription regulatory network

CDK9 phosphorylates RNA pol II, allowing transcription to proceed driving mRNA expression of MYC itself and its target genes

Tumors that are addicted to MYC have heightened sensitivity to CDK9 inhibition

Intermittent, partial inhibition of CDK9 can be active without causing unacceptable toxicity

CDK9 is an attractive target in transcriptionally addicted cancers



## Ongoing KB-0742 Phase 1/2 Trial Includes Two Stages

PHASE 1/2



- Relapsed/refractory solid tumor population not selected for MYC amplification
- Understand safety, PK and PD in PBMC
- · Refine dosing schedule to maximize therapeutic window

- · Biomarker selected patients most likely to benefit from CDK9 inhibition
- · Confirm safety and PD in tumor tissue
- Anti-tumor activity in specific tumor types

NSCLC: non-small cell lung cancer. SCLC: small cell lung cancer. PD: pharmacodynamics. PK: pharmacokinetics. QW: weekly. TNBC: triple-negative breast cancer. PBMC: peripheral blood mononuclear cells. RP2D: recommended Phase 2 dose



### Kronos Bio has Financial Resources and Experienced Management Team

#### **Strong Financial Position**

- Approx. \$270.3 million in cash, cash equivalents and investments (unaudited, as of Sept. 30, 2022)
- Cash runway into Q2 2025
- Approx. 56.9 million shares outstanding (common, as of Nov. 2, 2022)

#### **Experienced Corporate Development Team**

- Experienced team, driving collaborations and licensing agreements
- SYK portfolio acquired from Gilead in July 2020, with all rights retained by Kronos Bio
- Ongoing collaboration with Tempus provides access to real-world and multi-omics data

#### GILEAD TEMPUS





Q&A





## Thank you

